C5G Project: Mapping local beliefs and non-adherence to COVID-19 prevention measures using social media



Project Leads: Jess Kropczynski & Nate Elrod Student Developers: Pranav Mahajan & Howard Hall Graduate Student Analysts: Monica Katragadda & Izunna Okpala



This project has used social media data aggregation from the City of Cincinnati to learn: What local beliefs or events discussed on social media appear to be most related to the rising incidence of COVID-19 cases?

Aim 1. Identify public online discussion of cultural beliefs around prevention activities

Data Collection Process

Created novel location-based social media aggregation method

Step 1: Location-based Data

Keyword bins separate Tweets into mask-wearing, social distancing, hand washing, and vaccinations

Step 3: Filter data





Aggregating data from each of the 60 Cincinnati zip codes

Step 4: Apply sentiment analysis

Each Tweet is given a composite score ranging from -1 to +1





Preliminary Data

Zip Code	Population Total	Median Age	Median Household Income	Total Tweets	Mean Sentiment	Total Tweets about Masks	Mean Sentiment Toward Masks
45203	2429	29.6	19167	484	0.461	7	0.533
45011	71451	36.8	31646	33406	0.135	365	0.129
45111	324	60.3	78750	15	0.182	1	-0.718



Aim 2. Identify events that may be indicative to high-risk non-adherence to social distancing and mask-wearing and label these areas on a map

Real-time Query Tools

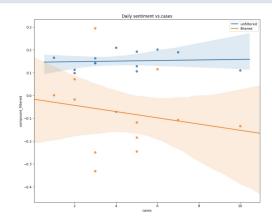


Using common operational picture tool as a method to identify live events in a local area



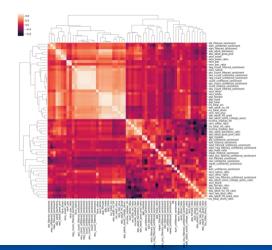


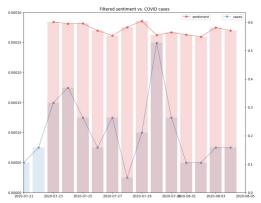
Exploring the data



Correlating Daily
Sentiment with Cases

Correlating All Zip Code Attributes





Comparing count of daily sentiment with cases





Questions? Email us:

jess.kropczynski@uc.edu & elrodnj@ucmail.uc.edu